

# Nejat Newsletter

Volume 2 Issue 3

September/October 2010

## Inside this issue:

Iraqi tribes' representatives meet with families of Ashraf residents	1
MKO former members meet with authorities of Amnesty International	1
MKO Asks for US, Israeli Help to Stop Defection	2
No Aid from the West for MKO Cult	3
MKO hostages' Families on Their Ninth Month of Picketing	4, 5
Lord Corbett deceives House of Lords over MKO in Camp Ashraf	6
Iraqi tribes' representatives meet with families of Ashraf residents	7
Delegation asks A.I. to help rescue Rajavi cult hostages in Camp Ashraf	7
Nejat Families at Ashraf Gates	8
Rajavi Cult starts armed struggle against Iraqi government	8

## Iraqi tribes' representatives meet with families of Ashraf residents

By: [Sahar Family Foundation](#)

October 23 2010

On Monday October 4th, 2010 a number of Iraqi tribal nationals from Salahuddin Province including Doctor Nafe' and Ms. Dm-i-Ali offered their sympathy to families who are on strike in front of Ashraf gates. Iraqi journalists were also present at the meeting that lasted a few hours.

Mrs. Abdullahi [a mother of an Ashraf resident] representing the Iranian families told the visitors: "we have been here on strike for nine months, suffering the

worst situation. Our single request is visiting our loved children of whom some have been captive in Camp Ashraf for two decades. The cult of Rajavi refuses this small wish to fulfill, since it is contrary to its



cult-like substance."

The tribe's deputies said that they had had no

idea of the families strike at Camp Ashraf and MKO had abstained to respect such a reasonable right.

They promised to pursue the case in Iraqi judiciary and media. Some of the visitors were so impressed by Mrs. Abdullahi's words and her words brought a tear to their eyes.

During the visit a few recently defected members of MKO also spoke to the audience by clarifying the current atmosphere ruling the cult. Their descriptions caused extreme wonder among the attendees.

## MKO former members meet with authorities of Amnesty International

By: [Defectors of Mujahed-e-Khalq Organization](#)

October 24 2010

A delegation of MKO former members met with authorities of Amnesty International. During the meeting they described and clarified the situation of picketing families of Rajavis' Cult hostages at Camp New Iraq (formerly Ashraf) as

well as the condition and situation of captive members of the MKO Cult. They also declared



the families' rightful demands of visiting with their loved ones. They asked the Amnesty international to intervene and force the M K O a k a P M O I / M E K / M K O leadership to allow those families to see and meet their loved ones.

A letter also presented to the Amnesty International.

# MKO Asks for US, Israeli Help to Stop Defection

By: [Fars News Agency](#)

**October 11 2010**

The ringleaders of the anti-Iran terrorist Mojahedin-e Khalq Organization (MKO) have appealed to the US and Israeli security firms to help them bar defectors from escaping MKO's main camp in northern Iraq, a report said on Saturday.

According to a report released by the Habilian Association, an Iran-based human rights group, despite all fences, barbed wires and other kinds of barricades built around the camp and adoption of strict measures to control the camp residents, a number of members of the terrorist group have found their way out to the free world.

Following several successful escape plans, the MKO leaders inked an agreement with the US Black Water security firm to block defectors' escape and tighten control over the camp, the report added.

Those MKO members who have succeeded in fleeing the notorious camp have disclosed that the terrorist group's ringleaders have created a gruesome atmosphere in the camp, specially for women, and have even threatened the female members with rape and other forms of tortures.

The MKO has been in Iraq's northern Diyala province since the 1980s.

Iraq's security forces took control of Camp Ashraf and detained dozens of the members of the terrorist group last year. The Iraqi authority also changed the name of the military center from Camp Ashraf to the Camp of New Iraq.

The MKO, whose main stronghold is in Iraq, is blacklisted by much of the international community, in-

cluding the United States.

Before an overture by the EU, the MKO was on the European Union's list of terrorist organizations subject to an EU-wide assets freeze. Yet, the MKO puppet leader, Maryam Rajavi, who has residency in France, regularly visited Brussels and despite the ban enjoyed full freedom in Europe.

Some other ranking members of the MKO who have had a role in the assassination of a large number of Iranian citizens and officials are currently living in France.



The group started assassination of Iranian citizens and officials after the Islamic Revolution in a bid to take control of the newly established Islamic Republic. It killed several of Iran's new leaders in the early years after the Revolution, including the then President, Mohammad Ali Rajayee, Prime Minister, Mohammad Javad Bahonar and the Judiciary Chief, Mohammad Hossein Beheshti who were killed in bomb attacks by MKO members in 1981.

The group fled to Iraq in 1986, where it was protected by Saddam Hussein and where it helped the Iraqi dictator suppress Shiite and Kurd uprisings in the country.

The terrorist group joined Saddam's army during the Iraqi imposed war on Iran (1980-1988) and helped Saddam and killed thousands of Iranian civilians and

soldiers during the US-backed Iraqi imposed war on Iran.

Many of the MKO members have abandoned the terrorist organization while most of those still remaining in the camp are said to be willing to quit but are under pressure and torture not to do so.

A May 2005 Human Rights Watch report accused the MKO of running prison camps in Iraq and committing human rights violations.

According to the Human Rights Watch report, the outlawed group puts defectors under torture and jail terms.

Numerous articles and letters posted on the Internet by family members of MKO recruits confirm reports of the horrific abuse that the group inflicts on its own members and the alluring recruitment methods it uses.

The most shocking of such stories includes accounts given by former British MKO member Ann Singleton and Mustafa Mohammadi -- the father of an Iranian-Canadian girl who was drawn into the group during an MKO recruitment campaign in Canada.

Mohammadi recounts his desperate efforts to contact his daughter, who disappeared several years ago - a result of what the MKO called a 'two-month tour' of Camp Ashraf for teenagers.

He also explains how the group forces the families of its recruits to take part in pro-MKO demonstrations in the western countries by threatening to kill their loved ones.

Lacking a foothold in Iran, the terrorist group recruits ill-informed teens from Iranian immigrant communities in western states and blocks their departure afterwards.

# No Aid from the West for MKO Cult

By: [Nejat Bloggers](#)

October 11 2010

The MKO has launched a new barrage of propaganda to both impress those who support the group, and solicit pity from those who don't know about their scheme. The MKO's spokesman in the US, Alireza Jafarzadeh, who specializes in systematically swaying the West's opinion with his numerous positive articles about the group he works for, told reporters that the people's Mujahedin Organization of Iran (PMOI, MKO MEK, NCRI) has evidence that Tehran is building a uranium enrichment plant.

Jafarzadeh has declared that the so-called site is certainly part of the Iran's "secret nuclear weapons program" but a US government official speaking on condition of anonymity said that the US has known about the facility for years but has no reason to think it is nuclear.

On September 9th, Jafarzadeh published his allegedly precise report about the nuclear site that his organization, the PMOI has supposedly detected.

His three-page report on the Behjatabad-Abayek site in Iran presents no hard evidence to support the assertion that the site includes a network of underground chambers designed to hold centrifuges to enrich nuclear material in violation of United Nations sanctions.

It is not the first time that the MKO propaganda machine has tried to deceive public opinion with false allegations. In fact, the claims of MKO agents are taken for granted by US officials because "the NCRI had made similar claims in the past."

Although the US government has always been suspicious about the nuclear program in the Islamic Republic of Iran, at least they think that people should be cautious about reaching conclusions. \*Newsweek\* reported that the "group's announcement drew attention

<http://www.nytimes.com/2010/09/10/>

[world/middleeast/10nuke.html](http://www.foxnews.com/politics/2010/09/09/iran-watchdog-group-announce-findings-alleged-nuclear-site/)>

from a wide range

<http://www.foxnews.com/politics/2010/09/09/iran-watchdog-group-announce-findings-alleged-nuclear-site/>>

of media outlets, with reports noting that the group had released satellite photos showing what appeared to be an extensive tunneling operation in a hilly area.



But nuclear-nonproliferation officials inside the U.S. government and independent experts on the subject say substantiation is lacking for claims that the tunnel project is nuclear-related. A leading private nuclear-weapons study group has also raised questions about the track record of the MEK, which in the past has claimed to be first with major public revelations about the Iranian nuclear program but has been accused of exaggerating the exclusivity and value of its information."

Iran's top nuclear official, Ali Akbar Salehi responded to the MKO's claim at a press conference, by saying, "No such nuclear installation with a specific definition exists in Iran which has not been declared...[but if the MKO is] really are aware of such an installation, perhaps they would like to tell us about it so that we can thank them."

It's difficult to believe that the MKO's spying system is really more reliable than those of the most powerful and technologically advanced nations in the world. Alireza Jafarzadeh bases his recurring allegations on satellite photos that he presents. How can the MKO, a designated terrorist organization own a spying satellite and the US or other nations not know about it? Pentagon Spokesman Geoff Morrell told Agence France Presse, "I don't know if this site is one that they have discovered that our intelligence ex-

perts have not seen." He adds, "I find that hard to believe but we shall see."

The MKO amplifies the idea that Iran harbors a nuclear facility. David Albright, head of the Washington-based Institute for Science and International Security told Reuters that the NCRI's previous assertions have sometimes turned out to be "unsubstantiated, exaggerated, or wrong." The allegations are simply a flop because the MKO-perpetuated news of Iran's building a new nuclear site is not only dubious but ineffective as a tactic to achieve their goal of increasing the West's meager support. According to Yossi Melman of [haaretz.com](http://haaretz.com), the MKO "clearly has a vested interest."

This "vested interest" is mainly presented in Jafarzadeh's report on the so-called new nuclear site. He suggests that "to effectively thwart Tehran's nuclear drive, a two-pronged policy is imperative. The first is to impose comprehensive sanctions on the regime. The second is removing the barriers placed on the path of the opposition, particularly the main opposition, the PMOI. The terrorist label against the group has acted as a major impediment to democratic change in Iran." The main barrier on the path of MKO is its foreign terrorist designation by the US State Department which limits the MKO's activities in the West as well as Iraq and Iran.

The MKO has already committed treason against the nation of Iran and with the nuclear smear campaign they bear the responsibility of fear mongering in their effort to destabilize Iran's credibility as a way to substantiate their own. In his so-called revealing report on the Iranian secret nuclear site, Jafarzadeh claims that "the disclosure of the site will irreparably undermine the regime's international standing and would have unimaginable repercussions." The West's reaction to the MKO's report was a disappointment for the cult's pitiful leaders because their cheap shot means aid is no longer a possibility.

By Mazda Parsi



## MKO hostages' Families on Their Ninth Month of Picketing

By: [Sahar Family Foundation](#)

Baghdad – 23 October 2010

### The Records:

After Saddam Hussein's dictatorship, the main sponsor of Massoud Rajavi was toppled, a ray of hope lit the hearts of the families of the members of MKO (Rajavi cult). They thought that with Saddam Hussein removed from power in Iraq, the gates of Ashraf garrison would be open to the families and they would be able to see their loved ones after many years of waiting.

This hope soon faded when after a short time the American Forces took the place of Saddam Hussein for the Rajavi cult and gave the cult leaders an open hand to create the same circumstances for their followers. The report published by the American institute RAND for the Defense Department fully exposes the support of some American commanders for the cult's leaders to be able to keep their followers imprisoned inside Ashraf garrison.

Since the conditions for travelling to Iraq became easier, many suffering families of the members of the destructive, terrorist cult (MKO), from various parts of the world and in different timings, approached Ashraf gates in Iraq and tried their chance to see their loved ones. Some visited several times through the years and got no results.

During this time the families who were attending outside Ashraf gate either returned empty handed or the cult leaders would make the particular member insult the family and complain why they have become the agent of the Iranian regime and why they intend to destroy Ashraf?!

### Family Sit-in Starts:

In February 2009 some families of the trapped members of the Rajavi cult, as in previous times during the past few years, approached Ashraf gate and demanded visits with their relatives. The immoral attitude of cult officials and even attempting to beat up the families created great concern in them for the fate of their relatives. Some decided to form a picket line along the main entrance of Ashraf garrison and they announced that they would not be moved until they see their loved ones. Later more families joined them and gradually a movement preceded which has continued until now. Many hardships such as expiring visas and limitations that the Iraqi government and U.S. forces imposed on the families made life for the families very tough – so that Massoud Rajavi said that the families would not stand for more than 20 days.

Since the families' move to the front of Ashraf gate was spontaneous and without any previous planning, no precise date was recorded for its start. Regarding the residential hardship, some families returned to Iran but more families took their place and continued the picketing.

### The New Round of Sahar Activities:

In June 2010, that is after 4 months had passed, the families' move created increased motivation amongst the human rights activists in Europe and America, in particular amongst the former members of the MKO who were active in trying to help their former colleagues. This ended in the formation of a seminar in Paris on 19 June 2010. In this seminar Ms. Batul Soltani, a former member of the MKO leadership council and a founder of SFF who is residing in Europe now had a telephone con-

versation with Ms. Sorayya Abdullahi, a suffering mother of a captive member inside Ashraf garrison and the representative of picketing families. This dialogue was heard by the audience on both sides of the line. This seminar became a milestone for the activities round the demand of the families in Iraq, Europe and America.

The public activities of SFF declined a little since it has been more involved in legal activities on behalf of former members' complaints against the MKO in the Iraqi courts as well as having some officials moving to Europe. It must be said too that we were caught by surprise by the families' action. But after this seminar and with the new form of Sahar website, our activities found a new pace with regards of informing the public about the families.

From the beginning, the families stationed outside Ashraf garrison approached the MKO officials and demanded to see their relatives, but every time they faced a humiliating attitude. The families decided initially to not seek any publicity over the issue in order to raise their chances of seeing their cherished ones. But the cult leaders started a political confrontation against the families by insulting them and threatening them and also accusing them.

The cult leaders clearly proved that they do not understand logic and they must be forced to respect other people's rights as well as their own members' rights by the public opinion and international organizations. Rajavi showed everyone that he finds himself right on all grounds and has no respect for other people's ideas and emotions. He acts according to his cultic reactionary ideas and ruthlessly makes an old mother suffer

## MKO hostages' Families on Their Ninth Month of Picketing

and does not recognize any human rights. **Sized members flee from Ashraf:**

During the past year, that is since the Iraqi police force managed to establish posts inside the entrances of the Ashraf cult garrison, a substantial number of members attempted to escape from the camp. These members, some of whom have been held captive inside the garrison for more than a quarter of a century, have had a bitter experience. They have no idea about modern science and technology and do not know anything about the outside world. Worse than all, they were in a critical mental situation after so many years of brainwashing and mind manipulation. They were afraid of anyone outside the cult and considered everything out there to be satanic and corrupt. Some of them were even afraid to give their names and they used to think that they are still under the influence of the cult. Some, even one year after leaving Ashraf, still have nightmares about there. But they are all content that they are out now and they only worry about their former colleagues who are still there.

Some of those who attempted to escape did so with the assumption that they might be tortured and then executed either by the Iraqis or by the Iranians. Some after spending one year in a hotel in Baghdad are still not ready to have their names published and do not wish to contact their families. Some say, in particular the women, that they do not have the nerve to see their relatives.

This applies to the families who are picketing outside the Ashraf garrison too. They do not wish to be photographed or for their names to be published. They

clearly say that they do not want anyone to know that their relatives – who everyone thought had been missing in the war or has been martyred - have actually been helping Rajavi and Saddam Hussein.

### What must be done?

On the one hand the issue of the MKO is a national security problem for the Iraqi government. As they say, this difficulty is a heritage from Saddam Hussein for the people of Iraq. The Iraqis want them out of their country but so far they have not been able to remove them. On the other hand this cult could be used by the U.S. or Israel against Iran. At least some elements in the west think that they might be useful as they are ready to use terrorists on the borders of Iran, so they try to preserve the cultic relationship and keep the members captive inside the garrison. But as far as the families are concerned they only have a legitimate humanitarian demand.

The families have every right to have free access to their relatives inside the garrison which is approved by all international regulations. If we consider the inhabitants of Ashraf as prisoners, still they have the right of free contact with their next of kin.

Apparently these families have no one but God to help them. No one can expect anything from the governments of the US, Iraq, Iran or etc. It is clear that international organizations such as the UN or ICRC have, for some reason, turned their back to this humanitarian problem and have closed their eyes. The families of course have created an extensive example of resistance with their bare hands which moves every human being. At least the families have

prevented more people falling into the trap of the Rajavi cult. Rajavi has used the US soldiers to put pressure on the families who have come from very long distances just for a family visit. Rajavi of course has stopped investing in the Iranian people for his goal to reach to power in Iran and tries hard to attract support from the US and from Israel.

Those who really understand the situation of the families are the ones who also have someone in Ashraf garrison. The families and the former members whose relatives or friends are held captive there and have no way out, understand well that a tragic cultic ending the same as the cults of Jim Jones and David Koresh, or becoming like gladiators in modern slavery who must kill until they get killed, could threaten their loved ones.

In whatever county that you are, anywhere that you work and live, any thoughts or ideas that you have, any political stances that you might hold, it is necessary to let the world know about this human rights issue and act in any way you can. Rajavi and his international backers must be put under the pressure of public opinion. He is not prepared to recognize the rights of the families and his own followers and under the present political circumstances does whatever he desires.

We in the SFF who are facing the problem directly know that we have not done enough and we had to do much more than this. We do need help from those who understand our situation. Please don't let the resistance of the families not reach the desired results. The sit-in by the families is a humanitarian move. Let's share their cause by helping them.

## Lord Corbett deceives House of Lords over MKO in Camp Ashraf

By: [Iran Interlink](#)

**October 27 2010**

Below is the text of a House of Lords debate on Camp Ashraf tabled by Lord Corbett of Castle Vale on 25 October 2010.

Lord Corbett has been the MEK's chief advocate in the Houses of Parliament for nearly three decades. If a politician does not receive financial or other incentives to support a dangerous, destructive mind control cult which has been designated as a terrorist entity in the USA since 1997, the only other reasonable explanation is that they have succumbed to the influence of the cult and been subjected to the same mind control techniques which have enslaved the members of the MEK.

Either way, Lord Corbett's continued insistence on calling a debate based on an entirely false premise – that the MEK at Camp Ashraf are somehow victims of threatened Iraqi violence - displays a wicked culpability in prolonging the genuine suffering of the residents of Camp Ashraf.

No one directly involved in the situation at Camp Ashraf has any doubt about the facts. Massoud Rajavi, leader of the MEK (aka MKO, NCRI, Rajavi cult, NLS etc.) is holding the 3500+ MEK members as hostages to protect his own future. They are prevented from leaving the cult both by physical barriers – barbed wire fences, beatings and incarceration – and by debilitating psychological manipulation which leaves them believing that they will be killed if they leave the camp. An indication of the real condition of MEK members inside Camp Ashraf comes from the testimo-

nies of recent escapees – people who simply ran to the Iraqi checkpoints and begged to be taken away. They each admitted that they believed the Iraqis would kill them once they escaped, but that this was actually preferable to remaining even one more day in the desperately inhuman conditions of the cult.



Members of the cult who have serious and sometimes life-threatening illnesses are not able to travel to the specialist hospitals of Baghdad. The Iraqi authorities have repeatedly offered to move them, but the cult leaders refuse to allow them to leave the camp.

Since 2003, successive Iraqi governments have demanded that the MEK leave Iraq because it is a foreign terrorist group which was part of Saddam Hussein's repressive apparatus and is responsible for the deaths of over 25,000 Iraqi civilians. (The MEK has never had refugee status in Iraq and its illegally designated protected persons' status under the Fourth Geneva Convention lapsed in 2006)

In 2008, the MEK was removed from the UK list of terrorist entities. In 2009, the MEK was removed from the EU list of terrorist entities. Since then, the Government of Iraq has repeatedly made reasonable representations to the governments of the coun-

tries involved to put their weasel words of concern into practice and accept the MEK individuals from Camp Ashraf as refugees in their countries – especially those who already have residence rights in those countries.

Yes, the British embassy in Baghdad must continue to visit Camp Ashraf. This is because there are several Iranian born British citizens and former refugees living there who remain trapped and unable to leave. The British embassy has a duty to try to help these individuals in whatever way it can; so too the ambassadorial representatives of other countries whose citizens are trapped in the camp.

Lord Corbett knows better than anyone the position of the Government of Iraq toward the MEK. He knows that they are slowly but surely dismantling this dangerous destructive cult in ways that preserve and protect the lives of the residents. He knows that Rajavi has threatened a Jonestown-style mass suicide if anyone tries to challenge his control of the group. Witnesses to the self-immolations of June 2003 in London and Paris can be in no doubt about the veracity of this threat.

It is therefore incumbent on western politicians to acknowledge their ignorance and to dispel the clouds of misinformation disseminated by the cult's known advocates and discover the real horrors at Camp Ashraf – that the residents are denied every basic human right by their leaders. It is this fact which deserves their time and attention, not a debate based on lies and deception.

**Anne Singleton, Middle East Strategy Consultants Ltd.**



## Iraqi tribes' representatives meet with families of Ashraf residents

By: [Sahar Family Foundation](#)

October 23 2010

On Monday October 4th, 2010 a number of Iraqi tribal nationals from Salahuddin Province including Doctor Nafe' and Ms. Dm-i-Ali offered their sympathy to families who are on strike in front of Ashraf gates. Iraqi journalists were also present at the meeting that lasted a few hours.

Mrs. Abdullahi [a mother of an Ashraf resident] representing the Iranian families told the visitors: "we have been here on strike for nine months, suffering the

worst situation. Our single request is visiting our loved children of whom some have been captive in Camp Ashraf for two decades. The cult of Rajavi refuses this



small wish to fulfill, since it is contrary to its cult-like sub-

stance."

The tribe's deputies said that they had had no idea of the families strike at Camp Ashraf and MKO had abstained to respect such a reasonable right.

They promised to pursue the case in Iraqi judiciary and media. Some of the visitors were so impressed by Mrs. Abdullahi's words and her words brought a tear to their eyes. Listening to her with tears that they couldn't help their tears.

During the visit a few recently defected members of MKO also

## Delegation asks A.I. to help rescue Rajavi cult hostages in Camp Ashraf

By: [Defectors of Mujahedin-e-Khalq Organization](#)

October 17 2010

Honorable and distinguished President of Amnesty International in France Madam. Genevieve Garrigos

As you are well informed through many revelations which have been accomplished by many freed and rescued former members of PMOI (Rajavi's cult) in recent months, since eight months ago many desperate elderly people who are the family of some of those captivated members inside the military garrison, so called Ashraf base located in Diyali province, the township of Khalis, have been picketing to show their complaint and protest against the PMOI's leadership and operatives who do not allow them to meet their loved ones in Ashraf which is one of the preliminary rights of any human being. Those mentioned families have been badly treated by the operatives of PMOI whom in many occasions have passed and violated the red line of human rights charter. I would like to draw your attention to some of those violations which are as follows:

The PMOI operatives have slandered

and accused those honorable families, who are mostly elderly people, by bringing some of their brainwashed members to swear and curse those families.

The high ranking members of this cult have attacked those families in the groups of 40-50 and in one occasion one of the woman commanders with the name of Hengameh Haji Hassan attacked those families with a sharp cold arms to harm them but fortunately her vicious and violent act was thwarted by Iraqi police who were present at the scene.

The PMOI leadership have forced and coerced some of their brainwashed members to participate in PMOI TV program so called Simayeh Azadi to swear and accuse those elderly people whom are their relatives. If those chosen miserable members refuse their leadership orders, they will be badly punished and pestered by the operatives of PMOI.

The tough security measures have been carried out inside Ashraf garrison by the direct order of PMOI leadership based in France specially after the escape of 6 members from Ashraf garrison. Two of those escapes have occurred recently, but two other es-

cape attempts were failed and they got arrested and beaten up by the operatives of PMOI.

The people who succeeded to escape mentioned that the leadership of PMOI has intimidated all the members of being tortured and killed by those elderly families and Iraqi police if they try to escape from Ashraf garrison.

The PMOI leadership has mentioned and pointed out that the Iraqi government does not allow those families to meet with their loved ones but this statement is completely untruth and is a big lie which PMOI leadership by telling it wants to cover the real reason.

We are former member of PMOI and human rights activist urging and entreating all human rights organizations specially Red cross organization and Amnesty international to step forward and intervene in this humanitarian incident and force PMOI leadership to allow those families to see and meet their loved ones whom have been deprived of having any sentiment and love to their families because of tough and vicious cultic regulations and policy for a long period of time.

**PERIODICAL PUBLICATION  
OF NEJAT SOCIETY**

**Address  
POBox 14145/119  
Tehran, Iran**

**Fax: 88 96 10 31**

  
**Nejat Society**

**info@nejatngo.org**

**www.nejatngo.org**

**Nejat Families at Ashraf Gates**

**April 08 2010**

Another group of MKO members' families who were mobilized by Nejat Society Khuzestan branch traveled to Iraq where they are hopeful to visit their beloved ones captured by Rajavi's cult.

A number of families have already gone to Ashraf gates, but they were prevented from visiting their children by MKO authorities.



The families who are members of Nejat Society Khuzestan branch joined other families at Ashraf gates, awaiting for visiting their dear ones.

## Rajavi Cult starts armed struggle against Iraqi government

By: [Iran Interlink](#)

**October 20 2010**

Following the direct order of Massoud Rajavi to start attacking the Iraqi police and increase insurgency in the country, the remaining forces of the cult of Mojahedin Khalq in Iraq attacked the police force in order to stop them carrying out their duties, including the establishment of a new security post inside Camp New Iraq (formerly Ashraf).

The communiqué issued by the terrorist cult admits that it was the Mojahedin Khalq (aka; MKO, MEK, NCRI, Rajavi cult) who instigated the attack

on the Iraqi police force, and the police force have been forced to defend themselves.



It is obvious that the leaders of Mojahedin Khalq terrorist cult fear that the establishment of this new post will facilitate the disaffected members and hos-

tages taken by the cult having greater access to the Iraqi forces and make it harder for the cult leaders to stop them from taking refuge with the police.

...

The new developments shows that the leadership of the cult is in no mood to accept personal freedom of the members and that using violence and attacking the police has been the last resort to stop Rajavi's hostages escaping from the garrison.